Objectives

After completing the Fire Module the student will be able to:

1. Describe when the Fire Module is to be used.
2. Demonstrate how to complete various sections of the Fire Module, given scenarios of hypothetical incidents.
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1. The Fire Module should be completed for all fires in a structure.
   (a) True.
   (b) False.

2. The Fire Module is a required NFIRS module.
   (a) True.
   (b) False.

3. The Wildland Fire Module can be used in place of the Fire Module for certain incident types.
   (a) True.
   (b) False.

4. The Fire Module should be completed for outside rubbish fires with no casualties or property loss.
   (a) True.
   (b) False.

5. The Fire Module is used to document detector performance.
   (a) True.
   (b) False.
Using The Fire Module

The inset labeled, “Fire Module Required?” in the Remarks section (Block L) of the Basic Module will tell you if you need to use the Fire Module or other modules. The Fire Module is used for all fires except for those contained fires with incident type codes 113 to 118 and outside rubbish fires codes 150 to 155. Use the Fire Module to record information on incidents involving fires, including building fires, outside storage fires, vehicle fires, and vegetation fires. The Wildland Fire Module also can be used for vegetation and other outside fires as a second option.

Section A: FDID, State, Incident Date, Station, Incident Number, Exposure Number

The information in Section A of the Fire Module is drawn from Section A of the Basic Module. Use the data in the Basic Module to help you supply the requested information. If you are using an automated system the data need to be entered only once, then they will be transferred automatically into other modules that use the data.

Section B: Property Details

Block B: records data regarding the number of residential living units in the building of origin. The total number of units must be entered without regard to how many actually became involved in the incident.

- For apartment buildings, condominiums, townhouses, and row houses enter the number of separately owned or rented units.
• For hotels, motels, and the like enter the number of lodging units.
• If it is not a residential unit, simply mark the “Not Residential” box.

Enter the total number of buildings involved in the fire in Block B1 for the initial fire. This field is not completed on exposure reports. Each exposure is numbered sequentially starting at 001. For outside fires that also consume buildings, exposure reports should be completed. If no buildings were involved, check the “Buildings not involved” box.

B3 has space to record the number of acres burned in an outside fire. Two boxes are available - one to indicate “None” and the other to specify “Less than one acre.” This should be your best estimate.

For vegetation and outside fires, the department may choose to use the Wildland Module: NFIRS-8 instead of the Fire Module: NFIRS-2.

### Section C: Onsite Materials or Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>C On-Site Materials or Products</th>
<th>None</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enter up to three codes. Check one box for each code entered.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-site material (1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-site material (2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-site material (3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If no significant amounts of commercial, industrial, agricultural, or energy products or materials are stored on this property mark the “None” box in Block C.

If any of the listed products or materials were present, whether or not they became involved, the rest of Block C should be completed.

To complete Block C, enter a code (found in the NFIRS Complete Reference Guide (CRG)) for any significant amount of material stored, processed, sold, or used for providing services at the property involved. Lines are provided to identify information for up to three materials. Information is entered whether or not the material was involved in the fire.

**Example:**

A “crack house” could be coded as a Residential Property Use (419) and the Onsite Material could be coded as 545: Illegal Drugs.

For each Onsite Material entry made, you must mark one of the four boxes to the right. Mark Processing/Manufacture if the material is both stored and processed at this site. A box must be marked whenever an Onsite Material entry is made.
**Section D: Ignition**

Separate lines of Block D will allow you to capture information regarding the area of fire origin, heat source, item first ignited, and type of material first ignited.

Use Line D1 for entering a code (found in the NFIRS Handbook) to indicate where the fire started. The code list is organized into three areas:

- Structure
- Vehicle
- Outside

This section must be completed for all fires.

Lines D2 and D3 furnish spaces to enter codes for the “Heat source” and the “Item first ignited.” You are required to make entries on both lines. If the fire spread was confined to object of origin, check the box below line D3. An unmarked box means that the fire spread beyond the object of origin.

Line D4 is for recording information regarding the type of material first ignited. You should fill in this line whenever the item code first ignited is between 00 and 70.

**Section E: Cause of Ignition, Factors Contributing To Ignition, Human Factors Contributing To Ignition**

In combination, Sections D and E provide excellent information on how and why a fire started. All fields in Section E are required entries.
When filling out Block E1, the first question to be answered is whether or not this is an exposure report. If it is, then check the box and go directly to Section G. Skip the rest of Sections E and all of Section F. If this is not an exposure report mark one of the other boxes in E1 to indicate the cause of ignition. In previous versions of NFIRS, users were forced to decide between incendiary and suspicious. The measurement of arson fires added those two codes together. Now you are able to indicate that a fire was intentionally set without stating that a crime was committed.

You also may record the cause of a fire incident as under investigation. If no cause is ever determined, the cause can be changed to undetermined after investigation. This allows managers to better track whether an investigator has updated the incident report with the actual cause.

Use Block E2 to record the “Factors Contributing to Ignition.” Use the appropriate codes (from the CRG). You may note up to two factors or check the “None” box to indicate that no factors were involved.

Block E3 offers a number of options to record human factors that contribute to the ignition of a fire. More than one factor can be marked.
The last part of E3 can be useful in tracking juvenile firesetter trends and the effect of fire on the elderly. In this field mark the “Age was a factor” box when there is evidence that age was a factor in ignition. Then enter the estimated age of the person involved, and whether the person is male or female.

Section F: Equipment Involved in Ignition, Equipment Power Source, Equipment Portability

First answer the question, “Is there equipment involved in this ignition?” Equipment involved is a piece of equipment that provided the principal heat source to cause ignition. If the answer is no, then check the “None” box and go directly to Section G.

If you do not mark the “None” box you must complete the rest of the Block F1.
Block F: has a line for you to enter a code description which best identifies the equipment involved in the ignition. To find the correct code quickly, select a subsection from the following choices:

- Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning;
- Electrical Distribution, Lighting and Power Transfer;
- Shop Tools & Industrial Equipment;
- Commercial & Medical Equipment;
- Garden Tools & Agricultural Equipment;
- Kitchen & Cooking Equipment;
- Electronic Equipment; and/or
- Personal & Household Equipment: Other.

Enter the brand name, model name/number, serial number, and model year of the equipment involved, if known, on the lines provided in Block F1.

Block F2 asks for a code that describes the power source of the equipment involved with the fire ignition. Examples are: gas, liquid fuels, solid fuels, and electrical. When combined with other factors in the ignition sequence, the power source can help identify the cause of the fire.

Block F3 asks for a code that describes the portability of the equipment involved with the fire ignition. Examples are: Portable, Stationary, or Other.

Fill in Block F3 by indicating whether the equipment involved in the ignition was portable or stationary. Portable equipment has three characteristics:

1. It can be moved by one person.
2. It is designed to be used in multiple locations.
3. It requires no tools to install.

Equipment portability is another factor to be considered in determining the cause of a fire.
Section G: Fire Suppression Factors

Lines are provided to collect information regarding conditions or factors that affected the fire suppression effort or fire management decisions. If no condition or factor had an effect, mark the “None” box. Enter codes (found in NFIRS Handbook) for up to three factors or conditions that constituted a significant suppression problem during the incident or might be a fire prevention problem in the future.

Example: The first-due engine company was delayed due to trouble finding location after incorrect information (424) was given by the dispatcher.

Section H: Mobile Property Involved In Ignition

Block H1 has four boxes that can be marked to indicate the involvement of mobile property in an ignition. If no such property is involved, mark the “None” box. When mobile property is involved, you will need to mark Box 1, 2, or 3 to clarify the type of involvement.

Example: If the wheel rim on a car with a flat sends a spark that starts a grass fire but the car does not burn, Box 2 would be marked.
If Boxes 2 or 3 are marked, you should fill out Section H2, which uses codes to identify the type of mobile property involved. The codes are organized into categories for ground, rail, air, and water vehicles.

NOTE: When mobile property is used as a fixed building instead of transportation, check the “Not Involved” box and skip the rest of Section H. In this situation, the Structure Fire Module would be completed.

Codes also are used to indicate the make of the mobile property. The code list includes most vehicles. If the make you need is not found, use code 00 and enter the name of make on the line provided. If known, enter the model name and four-digit year of the mobile property involved.

If the mobile property has a license plate, enter the plate number and the two-letter abbreviation of the State, Province, or Territory of the plate (or registration) on the appropriate lines. Refer to the Abbreviations Section of the NFIRS Complete Reference Guide for a list of State, Province, and Territory abbreviations. Enter the Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) as indicated.

The last block of Section H can be used as a local option. A box exists to indicate whether a prefire plan is available for the address of the incident.

## SUMMARY

The Fire Module is used for any fire that extends beyond a noncombustible container. It is applicable for a vehicle fire or building fire; or vegetation fire unless the Wildland Fire Module is used instead. The Fire Module also can be used in conjunction with other modules such as the Structure Fire Module, when appropriate, to provide a more complete picture of what happened. As an example, completing the Fire Module collects details about the property involved. Details provided in the Structure Fire Module provide clear information about the buildings involved in the fire, how the fire started, and detection and suppression equipment present.
EXAMPLE: Dwelling Fire

Directions: Read the call information in the example below. Then look at the completed Fire Module Form. Look at each section and follow along with the proper use of the information as applicable to the Fire Module.

The Jonesville, Wisconsin, Fire Department, Station 1, FID #TR300, is called at 0156 hours on July 4, 2002, to respond to a fire in a single-family dwelling. The first unit, Engine 3, arrives at 2022 and discovers heavy smoke and fire coming from the house.

A family of four occupied the house: a father, a mother, and two children, ages 3 and 7. Two crew members from Engine 3 conducted a primary search for victims, located the family in bedrooms on the second floor, and rescued all the family members from the structure.

The rest of the crew brought a hoseline into the house. The fire was confined to the first floor, brought under control, and extinguished at 0215. There was significant fire damage to two rooms: (1) the kitchen, where the fire originated from a defective toaster, which ignited a fire that went up a wall, and (2) the dining room. The incident number was #9900332. The brand of the toaster was a Toastwell, Model #ZX2, Serial #567X. The toaster was manufactured in 1985.
### Property Details

**B1** Number of multiresidential living units in building of origin: 0
- **Not Residential**

**B2** Number of buildings involved: 1
- **Buildings not involved**

**B3** Area burned (outside fires): None
- **Less than one acre**

### On-Site Materials

**C On-Site Materials**

Enter up to three codes. Check one box for each code entered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On-site material (1)</th>
<th>On-site material (2)</th>
<th>On-site material (3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Equipment Involved in Ignition

**F1** Equipment Involved in Ignition

- **None**

**F2** Equipment Power Source

- **Electrical, other**

**F3** Equipment Portability

- **Portable**
- **Stationary**

### Mobile Property Involved

**H1** Mobile Property Involved

- **None**

**H2** Mobile Property Type and Make

**Local Use**

- **Pre-Fire Plan Available**

- **Arson report attached**
- **Police report attached**
- **Coroner report attached**
- **Other reports attached**
EXERCISE SCENARIO 2-1: Laundromat Fire

**Directions:** Read the call information in the exercise below. Use the information provided to complete the Fire Module form. Compare your work to the answers provided on the completed Fire Module form. If your answers are different from the ones provided, read over the Fire Module again.

On July 1, 2002, at 1338 hours, Station 1 of the Jonesville, Wisconsin, Fire Department (FDID TR100) responded to a call from a police officer who observed heavy smoke in a Laundromat in a multiple-use commercial structure. Engine 2 arrived at 1400 hours, and immediately called for a second alarm. The other businesses in the structure were occupied, and the Laundromat was open for business but no one was present. A lumber supply company was located next to the structure. The laundromat was 50-percent involved with smoke and heavy visible fire. The fire service personnel on the scene conducted a primary search for victims, and found none. They evacuated all employees in the other offices; performed horizontal ventilation at the site of the fire, protected the exposure in the adjacent office and at the lumberyard. The fire was extinguished at 1430 hours. The fire was caused by flammable fibers caught in an improperly ventilated natural gas clothes dryer, a GCM Model 1992G, Serial Number 688599332C. The dryer was manufactured in 1992. There was extensive damage to the laundromat. Most equipment and all of the furniture were destroyed. The incident was reported as #9900211.
### Property Details

| B1 | Not Residential |
|----|-----------------
| B2 | Buildings not involved |
| B3 | None |

### On-Site Materials or Products

| C1 | None |

### On-Site Materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Storage Use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bulk storage or warehousing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processing or manufacturing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packaging goods for sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repair or service</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Ignition

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D1</th>
<th>Area of fire origin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D2</td>
<td>Heat source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D3</td>
<td>Type of material first ignited</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Cause of Ignition

| E1 | Check box if this is an exposure report. |

### Human Factors

| E3 | Contributing to Ignition |

### Equipment Involved in Ignition

| F1 | None |

### Equipment Power Source

| F2 | None |

### Equipment Portability

| F3 | Portable |

### Mobile Property Involved

| H1 | None |

### Mobile Property Type and Make

| H2 | Mobile property type |

### Fire Suppression Factors

| G | None |

### Pre-Fire Plan Available

| Local Use |

| Arson report attached |
| Police report attached |
| Coroner report attached |
| Other reports attached |
Complete if there were any significant amounts of commercial, industrial, energy, or agricultural products or materials on the property, whether or not they became involved.

**A** Property Details

- **B1 Not Residential**
  - Estimated number of residential living units in building of origin whether or not all units became involved.

- **B2 0 0 1**
  - Buildings not involved

- **B3**
  - Area burned (outside fire)

- **B2 0 0 1**
  - Number of buildings involved

**B** Not Residential Equipment Involved

- **B2 0 0 1**
  - Buildings not involved

- **B3**
  - Area burned (outside fire)

**B** Not Residential Equipment Involved

- **B2 0 0 1**
  - Number of buildings involved

- **B3**
  - Area burned (outside fire)

**C** On-Site Materials or Products

- **Enter up to three codes. Check one box for each code entered.**

- **C1 S 1**
  - [Industrial Machinery] On-site material (1)

- **C2 S 3**
  - [Cleaning Supplies] On-site material (2)

- **C3 S 4**
  - [Other] On-site material (3)

**D** Ignition

- **D1 2 6**
  - Laundry Area

- **D2 1 0**
  - Heat source: Equipment, Other

- **D3 9 4**
  - Dust, fibers, lint

- **D4 7 4**
  - Fabric

**E** Cause of Ignition

- **E1 None**

**E2 Factors Contributing to Ignition**

- **E2 1**
  - Installation Deficiency

**F** Equipment Involved in Ignition

- **F1 None**

**F2 Equipment Power Source**

- **F2 2 1**
  - Natural Gas

**F3 Equipment Portability**

- **F3 1**
  - Portable

- **F3 2**
  - Stationary

**G** Fire Suppression Factors

- **G1 None**

**H** Mobile Property Involved

- **H1 None**

**H2 Mobile Property Type and Make**

- **H2 1**
  - Mobile property type

- **H2 3**
  - Mobile property make

**Local Use**

- **Pre-Fire Plan Available**

**I** On-Site Materials or Products

- **None**

**J** Equipment Involved in Ignition

- **None**

**K** Equipment Power Source

- **Natural Gas**

**L** Equipment Portability

- **Portable**

- **Stationary**

**M** Fire Suppression Factors

- **None**

**N** Mobile Property Involved

- **None**

**O** Mobile Property Type and Make

- **None**

**P** Local Use

- **Pre-Fire Plan Available**

**Q** Equipment Involved in Ignition

- **None**

**R** Equipment Power Source

- **Natural Gas**

**S** Equipment Portability

- **Portable**

- **Stationary**

**T** Fire Suppression Factors

- **None**

**U** Mobile Property Involved

- **None**

**V** Mobile Property Type and Make

- **None**

**W** Local Use

- **Pre-Fire Plan Available**

**X** Equipment Involved in Ignition

- **None**

**Y** Equipment Power Source

- **Natural Gas**

**Z** Equipment Portability

- **Portable**

- **Stationary**

**AA** Fire Suppression Factors

- **None**

**BB** Mobile Property Involved

- **None**

**CC** Mobile Property Type and Make

- **None**

**DD** Local Use

- **Pre-Fire Plan Available**

**EE** Equipment Involved in Ignition

- **None**

**FF** Equipment Power Source

- **Natural Gas**

**GG** Equipment Portability

- **Portable**

- **Stationary**

**HH** Fire Suppression Factors

- **None**

**II** Mobile Property Involved

- **None**

**JJ** Mobile Property Type and Make

- **None**

**KK** Local Use

- **Pre-Fire Plan Available**
EXERCISE SCENARIO 2-2: Vehicle Fire on I-95

Directions: Read the call information in the exercise below. Use the information provided to complete the entire Fire Module form and other required forms. Compare your work to the answers provided in Appendix A. If your answers are different from the ones provided, read over the Fire Module again.

The Alberta Fire Department (FDID #92188) responded to a vehicle fire on I-95 near mile marker 73 and Exit 2B in Brunswick, Virginia 23351 on May 3, 2002. The dispatcher assigned the incident (#5455) to Engine Co. 2 and Truck 1 from Shift C. The units received the alarm at 11:58 p.m. and arrived at the scene in 6 minutes with a four-person engine crew and a two-person truck crew. Flame and smoke were coming from the vehicle. The owner of the vehicle, Mr. Robert L. Anderson, was driving to Emporia, Virginia, to return his son, Joseph, to his mother. Mr. Anderson lives at 630 Second Avenue, Jarrett, North Carolina 24501. His telephone number is 414-432-0987. He said that his front seat caught on fire. In an effort to extinguish the fire, the car crashed into the guardrail. He called 911 from his cellular telephone. He said that he was driving for 2 hours and became drowsy from a prescription drug that he took. The vehicle was a 1999 Ford Explorer, Virginia License Plate Number ACZ586, and VIN 1FBEU54XXABC45634. The firefighters extinguished the fire; it was under control at 12:10 a.m. They determined that a burning cigarette caused the fire. The cigarette ignited the seat causing $26,000 property damage and no content loss to the vehicle. The last unit cleared the scene at 12:35 a.m. FF1 Steve B. LaCivita, Badge No. 230, completed the report after returning to Station No. 1. Captain Ernest Greene, Badge No. 100, was the officer in charge. The fire department keeps records on the location of all responses. The incident was in Census Tract 501.2, District A05.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location Type</th>
<th>Number/Prefix</th>
<th>Suffix</th>
<th>Street or Highway</th>
<th>Apt/Suite/Room</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>ZIP Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Street address</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**B. Dates and Times**

```
Month  Day  Year  Min
1  2  3  4
5  6  7  8
9  10 11 12
```

**C. Aid Given or Received**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
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<tbody>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**D. Resources**

```
Primary Action Taken (1)  Additional Action Taken (2)  Additional Action Taken (3)
```

**E. Incidents Type**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Type</th>
<th>Study ID#</th>
<th>Special Studies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐</td>
<td>☐</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**F. Actions Taken**

```
1  2  3  4  5
6  7  8  9 10
11 12 13 14 15
```

**G. Estimated Dollar Losses and Values**

```
LOSSES:  Property  Contents  PRE-INCIDENT VALUE:  No  Optional  Other mixed use
```

**H. Hazardous Materials Release**

```
Natural gas:  slow leak, no evacuation or HazMat actions  None
Propane gas:  <21-lb tank (as in home BBQ grill)  None
Gasoline:  vehicle fuel tank or portable container  None
Kerosene:  fuel burning equipment or portable storage  None
Diesel fuel/oil:  vehicle fuel tank or portable storage  None
Household solvents:  home/office spill, cleanup only  None
Motor oil:  from engine or portable container  None
Paint:  from paint cans totaling <55 gallons  None
Other:  special HazMat actions required or spill > 55 gal (Please complete the HazMat form.)  None
```

**I. Mixed Use**

```
Property Use  Structures  Outside  Code
```

**J. Property Use**

```
Church, place of worship  Restaurant or cafeteria  Bar/tavern or nightclub  Elementary school, kindergarten  High school, junior high  College, adult education  Nursing home  Hospital  Playground or park  Crops or orchard  Forest (timberland)  Outdoor storage area  Dump or sanitary landfill  Open land or field
```

**K. Property Use Description**

```
Clinic, clinic-type infirmary  Doctor/dentist office  1- or 2-family dwelling  Multifamily dwelling  Rooming/boarding house  Commercial hotel or motel  Residential, board and care  Dormitory/barracks  Vacant lot  Lake, river, stream  Railroad right-of-way  Other street  Highway/divided highway  Residential street/driveway
```

**L. Property Use Description**

```
Household goods, sales, repairs  Gas or service station  Motor vehicle/boat sales/repairs  Business office  Electric-generating plant  Laboratory/science laboratory  Manufacturing plant  Livestock/poultry storage (barn)  Non-residential parking garage  Warehouse  Construction site  Industrial plant yard
```

**M. Incident Type**

```
Incident Type  Special Studies  Shifts and Alarms
```

**N. Additional Action Taken**

```
331  342  341  361  419  429  439  449  459  464  519  936  938  946  951  960  961  962
```

**O. Estimated Dollar Losses and Values**

```
LOSSES:  Property  Contents  PRE-INCIDENT VALUE:  No  Optional  Other mixed use
```

**P. Hazardous Materials Release**

```
Natural gas:  slow leak, no evacuation or HazMat actions  None
Propane gas:  <21-lb tank (as in home BBQ grill)  None
Gasoline:  vehicle fuel tank or portable container  None
Kerosene:  fuel burning equipment or portable storage  None
Diesel fuel/oil:  vehicle fuel tank or portable storage  None
Household solvents:  home/office spill, cleanup only  None
Motor oil:  from engine or portable container  None
Paint:  from paint cans totaling <55 gallons  None
Other:  special HazMat actions required or spill > 55 gal (Please complete the HazMat form.)  None
```

**Q. Mixed Use**

```
Property Use  Structures  Outside  Code
```

**R. Property Use**

```
Church, place of worship  Restaurant or cafeteria  Bar/tavern or nightclub  Elementary school, kindergarten  High school, junior high  College, adult education  Nursing home  Hospital  Playground or park  Crops or orchard  Forest (timberland)  Outdoor storage area  Dump or sanitary landfill  Open land or field
```
### Person/Entity Involved

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local Option</th>
<th>Business Name (if applicable)</th>
<th>Area Code</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Check this box if same address as incident Location (Section B). Then skip the three duplicate address lines.

- Mr., Ms., Mrs. First Name
- MI Last Name
- Suffix

- Number
- Prefix
- Street or Highway
- Street Type
- Suffix

- Post Office Box
- Apt./Suite/Room
- City

- State
- ZIP Code

**More people involved? Check this box and attach Supplemental Forms (NFIRS–1S) as necessary.**

### Owner

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local Option</th>
<th>Business Name (if applicable)</th>
<th>Area Code</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Check this box if same address as incident Location (Section B). Then skip the three duplicate address lines.

- Mr., Ms., Mrs. First Name
- MI Last Name
- Suffix

- Number
- Prefix
- Street or Highway
- Street Type
- Suffix

- Post Office Box
- Apt./Suite/Room
- City

- State
- ZIP Code

**More people involved? Check this box and attach Supplemental Forms (NFIRS–1S) as necessary.**

### Remarks:

**Local Option**

### Fire Module Required?

Check the box that applies and then complete the Fire Module based on Incident Type, as follows:

- Buildings 111
- Special structure 112
- Confined 113–118
- Mobile property 120–123
- Vehicle 130–138
- Vegetation 140–143
- Outside rubbish fire 150–155
- Special outside fire 160
- Special outside fire 161–163
- Crop fire 170–173

**ITEMS WITH A \* MUST ALWAYS BE COMPLETED!**

### Authorization

Check box if same as Officer in charge.

- Officer in charge ID
- Signature
- Position or rank
- Assignment
- Month
- Day
- Year

- Member making report ID
- Signature
- Position or rank
- Assignment
- Month
- Day
- Year

**More remarks? Check this box and attach Supplemental Forms (NFIRS–1S) as necessary.**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Incident Number</td>
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<td>B</td>
<td>Property Details</td>
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*Complete if there were any significant amounts of commercial, industrial, energy, or agricultural products or materials on the property, whether or not they became involved.*

*Some of the information presented in this report may be based upon reports from other agencies.*