At a Glance

Nonresidential Building Fires (2017-2019)

Each year, from 2017 to 2019, an estimated average of

108,500

nonresidential building fires

were reported to fire departments in the United States.

These fires caused an estimated annual average of:





injuries



in property loss

20%

National estimates for 2017 to 2019 show that nonresidential buildings accounted for 20% of the total dollar loss from all fires.

Outside and special properties

accounted for the most nonresidential building fires (25%)



Nonresidential building fires occurred most frequently from 2 to 7 p.m.



Cooking was the leading cause of all nonresidential building fires (30%).



Nonconfined nonresidential building fires most often started in vehicle storage areas (8%).

58%

In 58% of nonconfined nonresidential building fires, the fire extended beyond the room of origin.

The U.S. Fire Administration's (USFA's) topical reports are designed to explore facets of the U.S. fire problem as depicted through data collected in the USFA's National Fire Incident Reporting System from incidents reported by local response agencies. Each topical report briefly addresses the nature of the specific fire or fire-related topic, highlights important findings from the data, and may suggest other resources to consider for further information.

To read the full report, visit usfa.fema.gov.



